THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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EVERY FRIDAY MORNING,
BY
JOHN SCULL,
CORNER OF MARKET & FRONT STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

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PERSONS sending Advertisements are requested to note the number of times they wish them inserted.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS, and printing in general, executed with neatness and despatch.

STORAGE AND COMMISSION BUSINESS.

The subscriber has, at a great expence, just completed a convenient

WAREHOUSE,

Above the Steam Mill, where he can load and unload boats without the expence of drayage. His long residence in town and general acquaintance through the country, and his strict attention to the business, will make it an object with the public to favor him with their patronage.

JESSE READER.

~~*Cincinnati, December 28, 1813.*~~

A NEW FULLING MILL,

At JOSEPH WAINWRIGHT's Grist Mill, situated on the Allegheny river, two miles above Pittsburgh, is nearly finished and will be in operation in ten days.

JOSHUA TINKER,

BEGS leave to inform the public that he has undertaken to conduct the *Fulling, Dyeing,* and *Dressing* of *Woollen Cloth* at the above place, and is now ready to receive Cloth at the Mill.

From his experience in that branch of business, both in this country and Europe, he hopes by his manner of finishing and moderation of charge, to give satisfaction to all those who may intrust Cloth to his care, and having a plentiful supply of water in all seasons of the year, he will be ready at all times to finish and return goods without delay.

Winterton Mills, February 9, 1814

Lots for Sale or Lease.

A FEW small LOTS for Sale or Lease, fronting on Smithfield and Seventh streets, and on Cherry alley.—For terms apply to,

GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, January 20, 1814. tf

Lots for Sale or Lease.

I WILL Sell or Let on Perpetual Lease, the property on which I now live, consisting of four full LOTS of Ground, with an excellent two story brick House, well finished.

WM. B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1814. tf

Cromwell & Robinson,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

FROM BALTIMORE,

10,000lbs Spanish SOLE LEATHER,

OF THE FIRST QUALITY.

They intend having always on hand a large assortment of this article, which they offer for sale on liberal terms.

Also, will have next week a small

Invoice of Coffee.

which they will sell at a reduced price.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 18. *tfq*

JUSTICES BLANKS,

Handsomely printed on good paper for sale at this Office.

Wholesale & Retail,

HAT & SHOE STORE.

JAMES GIBSON,

MARKET STREET,
Next door to the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HAS FOR SALE ALL KINDS OF

Mens, Boys and Childrens Fur Hats.

with a large assortment of

SHOES,

of the first quality, on the most reasonable terms for Cash or approved Paper.

☞ *Merchants and Traders may at all times be supplied with complete assortments.*

Pittsburgh, October 12, 1813.

WOOL HATS.

THE subscriber will purchase a large quantity of WOOL HATS; for which he will pay the Cash on delivery—or will contract with Hatters in the country for any number not exceeding 500 dozen of Wool Hats; and if desirable, furnish them with Wool and Fur in payment.

ROBERT PEEBLES.

Pittsburgh, September 30, 1813.

THE PITTSBURGH POINT BREWERY,

IS in operation. Customers for home consumption or exportation, supplied on the usual terms,

The highest price in Cash paid for merchantable

BARLEY,

as usual. For J. O'HARA.

GEO. SHIRAS.

September 23, 1813. tfq

TO LET,

On PERMANENT LEASES, and possession given the 1st of April next.

SIXTY Elegant Building LOTS, situate on the Allegheny river, fronting on the new Turnpike leading to Hill's and adjoining lots of Col. O'Hara, suitable for merchants and manufacturers.—Any person wishing to Lease, will call at Mrs. Adams's in Front street, where a plan will be exhibited.

GEORGE A. BAYARD.

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1814.

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

JOHN & THOMAS COWAN,

IS this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment; and those having any demands, to present their accounts for settlement to J. Cowan.

John Cowan,
Feb. 23, 1814. *Thos. Cowan,*

☞ The subscriber wishing to decline business, offers for Sale, the

GOODS,

On hand, which consists of an assortment of GROCERIES, such as

LOAF SUGAR, COFFEE, TEAS, PEPPER, &c.

Of Liquors—*Madeira, Teneriffe & Lisbon Wines French brandy, Peach do. Cherry bounce, gin and Whiskey.* Cotton, tar, sh and herring, a quantity of shoes, and large assortment of stone and earthen wa, of a superior quality, and a neat assortment of

QUEENSWARE,

On terms that will be an object to any person wishing to enter on business, with a lease of the house and store he occupies which is a superior stand for business.

JOHN COWAN, *Wood street, between Front and Second, Pittsburgh.*

FOR SALE,

FIVE BOXES

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,

GERMAN OR MILAN STEEL.

At a low price if applied for soon, as if not sold it will be sent to N. Orleans, by first opportunity. Apply to

BOSLER, & Co.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 22.—*tfq*

Depreciation Land FOR SALE,

IN Beaver county, No. 3 and 4, Braden's District, and No. 10, M'Clain's District—in Butler county, No. 3 and 89, Nicholson's District—and in Allegheny county, No. , Cunningham's District and No. 1 Alexander's District.—Those desirous of purchasing may call on Monday and Tuesday in any week, at the subscriber in Ohio township, Allegheny county.

JOHN WAY.

January 20, 1814. tf

TRAVELLER'S INN,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

EVER grateful for past favours, the subscriber informs his friends and the public, that the additions already made to his TRAVELLER'S INN renders it one of the most extensive and convenient establishments of the kind in this part of the country—being 33 feet on Water street by 93 feet on Centre alley; his Stables are also enlarged and attended by an excellent Ostler—assures those Gentlemen and Ladies who may favor him with a call, that every exertion will be made to make Traveller's Inn a place of entertainment for genteel guests only.

COMMISSION BUSINESS

Attended with the usual promptitude and attention to the reception of Merchandize and Country Produce.

SAMUEL JANUARY.

Maysville, Ky. January 18, 1814. 1y.

THE STEAM ENGINE FOUNDERY,

ON FRONT STREET,

BACK OF THE PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL,

IS in complete operation, and ready to supply castings of all descriptions—but particularly in a mechanical line, viz:—*All kinds of castings appertaining to Merchant Flour Mills; Rolling & Slitting, Forging & Tilting Mills; Fulling and Oil Mills, &c. Sugar mills, Sugar boilers, Pot-ash kettles, Stills, Soap and Salt kettles, &c.*

☞ *The "Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company,"* as usual carry on the making of *Steam Engines* of every description. They will also furnish Paper mill screws, Fullers and Mill screws, and all kinds of the large orders. Also, Mill spindles & rynes, and Saw mill cranks and large work generally.

February 18, 1813----*tfq*

THREE EXCELLENT ROOMS TO BE RENTED.

THE subscriber wishes to rent three ROOMS. The front Room on the 1st floor, and two on the 2d story. The front room will answer for a Store, and not inferior to any in this place, in point of situation, having a large cellar. They will be rented separate, or for accommodation he will rent them together.

M. BARNWELL, *Market, between Front & Water streets.*

March 1st, 1814. tfq

WHISKEY WANTED.

I WILL PURCHASE ONE OR TWO HUNDRED

BARRELS OF WHISKEY.

In my absence from this place, any person wishing to contract will please, call on Mr. *Isaac Bean,* in Market street.

F. B. HOLMES,

Corner of Market & Water streets.

Pittsburgh, March 1.

Lots for Sale.

A FEW SMALL LOTS FOR SALE,
Fronting on Liberty and Penn Streets.

ALSO,

Three Out Lots near the Town of Allegheny.

For terms apply to
DAVID EVANS.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 17, 1814 *tfq*

BARR IRON.

The subscriber has now on hand, and intends keeping, a general assortment of

JUNIATA & CENTRE COUNTY

BARR IRON,

which he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash. Waggoners and blacksmiths may be supplied with all kinds of waggon tire, drawn for that purpose. He likewise keeps an assortment of the best waggon boxes.

WILLIAM LACKEY.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1814. tf

22 Building Lots

TO be Let on perpetual Leases. They are situated on High street, Grant street, and the continuation of Fourth street.—Apply to WM. WILKINS.

Pittsburgh, January 19, 1814.

Cheap Cash Store,

Between Third and Fourth Streets, next door to Cunningham's, and opposite Johnston & Co. where the following seasonable

GOODS,

Are offered *WHOLESALE and RETAIL,* at reduced prices.

SUPERFINE Broadcloths—blue, black, brown, mixed, &c. &c.
Fine—blue, black, brown, drab, &c. &c.
Common—blue, brown, &c.
Plains—blue, brown, mixed, drab, &c.
Devonshire kersey and lambskin coating
Kersimeres—of all qualities and colours
Sockenets—blue and mixed
Velvets—olive, black and brown
Cords—silver, brown, black and olive
Blankets—4 rose from 6-4 to 12-4 and three-points
A general assortment of flannels & baizes
ALSO, *a handsome assortment of Fancy and Cotton Goods.*

LIQUORS.

Fourth proof West India rum
French brandy, 4th proof
Genuine Hollands gin
Whiskey of good quality
Madeira, Port and Lisbon wines, of the best quality.

Private Families and Tavern-keepers will find it to their advantage to supply themselves at the above Store, as well for the prices as quality.

GROCERIES.

Allum
Madder
Logwood
Copperas
Bengal Indigo
Brimstone
Castile soap
Hard soap
Gun powder
N. Orleans sugar
Loaf sugar
Lump sugar
Coffee
Imperial, hyson, young hyson and hyson skin teas.
Chocolate
Cassia
Ginger
Nutmegs
Pepper
Alspice
Mustard
Sweet oil
Raisins
Salt
James river tobacco

ALSO, *Russia bristles, house, hearth, shoe, clothes, flesh and crumb brushes; leather, shot, &c.*

HARDWARE.

Knives and forks, carving and butchers knives, pen, jack and hunters knives, locks, spoons, razors, razor cases and boxes, files, shoe hammers, pincers, awl-blades and jacks, slates and pencils, coffee mills, cow bells, snuffers and trays, waiters large and small, scissors of an elegant pattern, knitting and sewing needles, together with numerous other articles.

All of which are sold cheaper than can be bought in town. The inhabitants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves; they shall always meet with the greatest attention, and the smallest favour will be gratefully acknowledged, by

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, January 4, 1814. tf.

Speakman & Say,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DRUGGISTS,

HAVING established a *Drug & Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, & taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

in Market Street, the third door from Front Street,

Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expenses, ONLY.

☞ *They now offer for sale, an assortment of DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c. for CASH, PRODUCE, or at the usual credit.*

May 30, 1813 tfq

GLASS BLOWING.

WANTED immediately, two or three sober steady LADS, from 14 to 16 years of age, as Apprentices to the above business. Apply at our Manufactory on the south side of the Monongahela, opposite Wood Street.

TREVOR & ENCELL.

Pittsburgh, July 13, 1813.

☞ Cash given for POT and PEARL ASHES

The Union Brewery,

IS IN OPERATION.

THE publick are informed that orders for home consumption or exportation shall be promptly attended to on the customary terms.

☞ *The highest price in CASH, paid for merchantable BARLEY, delivered at the Union Brewery, in Liberty street.*

HAMILTON, BROWN & Co.

March 11, 1814 tfq

NEW-YORK, *March* 8.

LATE FROM FRANCE.

Yesterday arrived at this port the elegant letter of marque brig Criterion, captain Waterman, 42 days from La Teste, with a valuable cargo of brandy, wine, and dry goods.

Passengers in the Criterion, Madam Cresson, Messrs. Shubrick and Colter, of the United States frigate President, Mr. Talbot, and Mr. E. W. Sage, supercargo.

Lieutenant Shubrick is bearer of despatches from Mr. Crawford, our minister at the Napoleon court. Mr. C. expected to meet with some delay in his arrangements with the French government in consequence of a change of ministers.

The editors of the New-York Gazette are indebted to Mr. Sage for the following epitome of news:—

State of the army—Duke of Tarento, (M'Donald) it was reported, had gone to Holland with 40,000 men.

Duke of Ragusa, (Marmont) at Mayence with 50,000.

Marshal St. Cyr, capitulated at Dresden with 15,000.

Prince Eckmuhl cut off by the Swedes in the environs of Hamburgh, force 30000 men.

Duke of Belluno (Victor) at Strasburg with 30,000 men.

Count Bertrand at Cassel with 30,000.

Reserve army said to be forming:

Under the duke of Valmy, at Metz, 10,000.

Gen. Rapp, at Dantzick 15,000.

Marshal D'Albasure (Suchet) head-quarters at Barcelona, 35,000.

Duke of Dalmatia (Soult) head-quarters at Bayonne, 65,000 men and daily receiving reinforcements.

The Vice Roy of Italy, (Prince Eugene) at Verona, with 50,000 men.

The King of Naples said to be coming from Naples with 50,000.

30,000 men at Sedan.

Dec. 20th—Breda, in Holland, was taken by the Prussians and Dutch troops on the 10th inst.

Considerable apprehensions had been entertained for the fate of Antwerp, but, 10,000 French troops had arrived there for its relief.

The coalesced powers of the north have shewn a disposition for peace. They are content that France should remain within her ancient limits. They say their victories have brought them to the Rhine, where they intend to stay until peace is concluded.

At Luxemburg there were many troops collected.

General Sebastiani and his troops in the environs of Cologne.

The combined force of the north crossed the Rhine in three different positions with 200,000 men, on the 25th December broke the neutrality of the Swiss Cantons and marched through—they had entered Bern with a part of the force which is said to be for the invasion of Italy.

Caulincourt, duke of Vicence, has been appointed minister of foreign relations, in the place of the duke of Bassano. The corps legislatif convened the 10th December.

The 12th and 13th Dec. the two armies before Bayonne were very warmly engaged without cessation. The English and Portuguese lost from 8 to 10,000 men. The Spanish troops were not engaged in this affair, they have inclined to the right and are on the borders of the Adore.

Dec. 31st.—It is confidently reported that the deputation of the legislative body, has been met by a similar one of the council of state, to examine the documents relative to the negociations and the proposals made to the allied powers, and that they firmly represented and insisted that as the proposals were not adequate to the actual state of affairs, new and more liberal ones should be made, and that after a long discussion, their opinions had been adopted. From the nature of the new proposals made to the enemy, great hopes may be entertained of a speedy pacification. In consequence of the change of ministers of foreign relations, Mr. Crawford observed that he expected to meet with some detention in his arrangements with the French government.

The King of Spain, (Ferdinand) was preparing to leave Paris, to re-assume his authority in Spain. A peace appears very certain between France and Spain, and that soon.

The expenditures of the French government for the last year amounted to $300,000,000. The amount of expences the present year, according to report, will be $360,000,000.

The national guard in the north of France has been ordered to march towards the Rhine.

PHILADELPHIA, *March* 9.

FRANCE INVADED.

It will be seen by the following additional particulars of Foreign News, obligingly forwarded by our N York correspondent, that the allied Russian and Austrian armies, had entered France in two divisions, one by the route of

Basle and Belfort or Belfont, for Paris; the other by way of Lausane and Geneva, for Lyons.—*Freemans Journal.*

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT,
At NEW YORK.

Office of the New York Evening Post,
March 9th—Noon.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Notwithstanding the late arrival from France at this port, has put us in possession of Paris papers 30 days later than before received, yet such is the shackled state of the press in that country, that little or nothing of the true situation of affairs, can be gathered from their contents. We therefore have to rely on private letters to gentlemen in this country, from their correspondents on the continent of Europe, for a correct account of events which transpire in that quarter of the world.

It appears from letters which we have seen, dated Switzerland, the 25th Dec. that the Russian and Austrian army was expected at Lausane, the same evening, and that they were to enter Geneva, the 29th, on their march towards Lyons. Another column was advancing towards Paris and had already reached Belfort.

To the politeness of the gentlemen who communicated the above intelligence we are also indebted for the following interesting proclamation:

TRANSLATED FOR THE NEW YORK EVENING POST.

Proclamation of Field Marshal, Prince of Schwartzenburgh, dated at Lorach (near Basle) Dec. 21, 1813.

PEOPLE OF SWITZERLAND.

The high allied powers, by whose orders the armies under my command enter the Swiss territory, have deemed it necessary to make to you, as well as to Europe, a formal declaration of the motives and of the object of this proceeding.

This declaration will manifest to you with what views they have taken that resolution, the propriety of the motives of their conduct, and the purity of their intentions.

I am fully persuaded that our entrance into Switzerland will diffuse a sincere joy among those who know how to appreciate the true interests of this country and among all the friends of the ancient independence of Switzerland, of her ancient glory and prosperity, and of her ancient federal constitution, which was esteemed & respected by the whole world. I conceive myself fully authorised to expect from this class, doubtless very numerous, of true patriots, that they will receive us as friends, and that they will assist us with all their means, because they themselves must be convinced how greatly the object of this war, which is the re-establishment of a just and wise political system in Europe, must influence the future fate of Switzerland, and her most important national interests.

I have no fear that any reluctance will be expressed except by those who are so degenerate or blinded as to prefer the maintenance of French domination to the welfare of their fellow citizens; nor do I anticipate discontent or indifference, but from those, who with sentiments in other respects loyal, consider the entrance of a foreign army into their country as the greatest evil.

It is to be hoped that the former will find few partisans at a moment when truly patriotic sentiments are prevalent, when no foreign power will any longer controul public opinion, and that the latter will consider that momentary sacrifices are soon forgotten when the preservation of the greatest interests of a people and the prospect of a happy issue are the price of them; and that none but weak and selfish men will be disposed to purchase the continuance of an uncertain tranquility by the progressive degradation and permanent debasement of their country.

Every thing that can be effected by strict order and severe discipline, by the payment of provisions and for the means of transport that are to be supplied, and by exertions of every kind to lessen the inconveniences inseparable from the presence of a numerous army, shall be done with great care.

We come among you as friends to your country, your glory and your rights, and we will act as such under all circumstances. Assured of your good will and of your co-operation, we hope to be enabled to quit you accompanied by your affection and gratitude, when the great object at which we aim shall be accomplished, and when the tranquility of the world, as well as your liberty and your happiness shall be secured.

PHILADELPHIA, MARCH 14.

GREAT FIRE.

Extract of a Letter to the Editor of the Richmond Daily Compiler, dated

"YORKTOWN, (*Va.*) *March* 4.

"Yesterday about 3 P. M. Mrs. Gibbons' house in this place took fire, and together with the county Court House, the Church, the spacious dwelling of the late President Nelson, and the whole of the town below the hill, except Charlton's and Grant's houses, were consumed.—The lower town was occupied principally by poor people, who are all now thrown upon the world without a shelter or a cent to aid them in procuring one. Mr. Taylor and Mr. Block are the principal sufferers in amount here; the former finds the result of more than 20 years honest industry a heap of ruins. The wind was high and the buildings were old; the fire spread of course, like a train of powder.

"Mr. W. Walker, the Rev. Mr. Salter, Dr. Nelson, Capt. Archer, Col. Basset, Capt. Drake, maj. Griffin and several others distinguished themselves on this occasion.

"The females are generally under the spacious and hospital roof of maj. Griffin where they find all the comforts which their distressed situation requires.

"The poor will need charity indeed; scarcely any thing was saved from the fired buildings."

NEWBURYPORT, (*Mass.*) *March* 8.

MILITARY OUTRAGE.

On the night of the 2d inst. at eleven o'clock, the dwelling house of Mr. Jos. Janvrin, of Newbury, was broken open, and searched by 3 soldiers of the Horse Artillery company, under pretence of seeking a deserter from said company, and pretending also to have a search warrant; but when required to show it they declined it, and answered that they had authority to go where they pleased, and do what they pleased.

The circumstances of this outrage are as follows:

Mr. Janvrin was awaked from sleep, about 11 o'clock by a noise in and about the house, he immediately arose & lighted a candle, opened the door into another room, when the first objects which presented themselves were two soldiers with swords in their hands, who had broken into the house through a window; a 3d rushed in at the door which was opened and immediately one of them seized the candle from Mr. Janvrin and all rushed into the room where his wife and children were in bed; having examined this room as much as they pleased, they proceeded to the chamber where was a sick woman; thence they descended to the cellar; & having completed their search they departed without further injury than the disturbance and fright of the family, and breaking of the window. On these events we forbear to comment, as we are happy to learn that one of the trespassers has been apprehended, and stands holden to answer to the justice and the laws of the Commonwealth.

[*Herald.*

LANCASTER, (*Pa.*) *March* 11.

The bill authorising the governor to borrow from any Bank or Banks within the commonwealth, the sum of $300,000 to replenish the treasury, has passed both honses. It is a handsome commentary upon democratic legislation, when we recollect that in the beginning of this very session, the legislature appropriated 310,000 dollars out of the treasury, towards paying off this state's quota of the direct tax; by which the rich landholders and speculators were snugly exonerated. This we call legislating for $4 a day, with a vengeance!

[*Lan. Journal.*

BURLINGTON, *March* 4.

A critical inspection of the troops at this post, commenced on the 28th ult.—The inspector general, col. Cummings, is considered a very able officer, and eminently qualified to discharge the duties of his office.

The pride and ambition which he is likely to excite in officers commanding companies and the men, together with the arrangement made for comfortable quarters, and strict discipline, cannot fail to produce the most pleasing and happy effect in this portion of the army. We shall have troops at this place at the commencement of the next campaign probably not inferior to those in the British service, either in point of discipline or personal appearance.

As for bravery, our men are allowed by the British themselves, not to be inferior to their own. It is discipline alone they want, but by this we mean not only the manual exercise and evolutions, but the *contour de la miliature.*

Every soldier ought to be taught to consider himself a *Gentleman.* His pride and ambition must be excited to consider himself as such. Officers of companies should therefore not only inculcate on the minds of their men, the necessity of appearing always cleanly and handsomely dressed, but to conduct themselves at all times with decency and circumspection.

In order however to make men look & feel as soldiers ought, it is necessary to give them comfortable lodgings; next to good and comfortable food and cloathing, provision for sleeping ought to be made; unless bunks are considered a necessary appendage to barracks, it cannot be expected that our men will be healthy, active or ambitious.

NEW-YORK, *March* 9.

The money restored.—We are informed that peremptory orders have arrived to the collector to deliver up the specie belonging to the Boston Banks, which he seized some time since, on the ground that the transportation of money eastward by land, was a breach of the embargo; and that he has given it up accordingly. Whether he like Granger is to be discharged for his conduct we have not yet heard.

From France.—We learn from a gentleman who came passenger in the Meteor, that the new conscription is pushed with such rigor that France is drained of its male population. Peace was not expected. So secret was every thing kept that the emancipation of Holland was not even known. It was generally understood, however, and admitted, that Wellington had beat Soult in the great battle fought near Bayonne. The emperor Alexander has refused to permit the French minister Caulincourt, the murderer of the Duke D'Enghein, to appear at the Congress at Frankfort.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Vergennes, (Vermont) *to the editors of the N. Y. Mercantile Advertiser, dated March* 8.

"Some secret movements are making in our army. Three regiments left Burlington on the 6th instant for the north. A sloop of war of 26 guns, and 6 gallies of 2 large guns, are now building here, which the commodore thinks will be a force sufficient to keep command of this lake.

"The English are building at St. John's 12 gallies of 2 guns, 1 brig of 20, and a schooner of 18. The two latter at the Isle des Noix in great forwardness. The brig will mount long 23's."

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, *March* 25, 1814.

About 200 drafted militia, and upwards of 500 volunteers, from the counties of Cumberland, Adams and Franklin, arrived here on Friday and Saturday last, and on Monday proceeded on their march for Erie, where they are to be stationed for six months.

On the 17th inst. the Senate of the United States, confirmed the appointment of *Return J. Meigs, Esq.* as Post Master General.

The following resolutions were submitted to the senate of the U. S. by Mr. Gore on the 28th ult.

The president of the U. S. having by the Constitution "power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of the next session,"

Resolved, That in the opinion of the senate no such vacancy can happen in any office not before full.

Resolved, That in the opinion of the senate the office of envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary, to negotiate and sign a treaty of peace with the united kingdom of G. B. and Ireland, had not been filled at any time after the declaration of war upon the 18th of June, 1812, and before the late recess of the senate upon the 3d day of March last, when the same was not full.

Resolved, That the granting of commissions to Albert Gallatin, J. Q. Adams and Jas. A. Bayard, to be envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary to negotiate and sign a treaty of peace with the united kingdom of G. B. and Ireland, during the late recess of the senate, as in the president's message to the senate of the 29th of May last, is stated to have been done, was not in the opinion of the senate, authorised by the Constitution, inasmuch as a vacancy in that office did not happen during such recess of the senate, and as the senate had not advised and consented to their appointment——whereupon

Resolved, That while the senate venerate the authority and dignity of the office of president of the U. S. and will at all times, as a high and essential power in the Constitution, exert themselves to maintain and preserve undiminished the whole executive authority thereby established, they owe it to the trust confided to themselves as well as to the states, their constituents, to protect the power over appointments to office, which Constitution has placed in that body. From these considerations, joined to the conviction that the rights of the senate have been infringed by an important act, to the validity of which the advice and consent of the senate were essential, the senate find themselves called upon by their duty to the states and in support of the Constitution, reluctantly to protest, and they do hereby solemnly protest against the commissioning as aforesaid of Albt. Gallatin, J. Q. Adams and Jas. A. Bayard, as an act not authorised by the Constitution, & in the performance of which the power of the senate has been disregarded.

The above resolutions had been made the order for today, and being called up accordingly, were postponed to Wednesday next.

The spoiler spoiled.—We live in a day of wonders; in a day in which the arm of the Almighty is made bare. But eighteen months ago Napoleon Bonaparte was in the zenith of his power. He was rolling forward, against the Russian empire, such an enormous mass of military forces as modern Europe had never witnessed before. Success, victory and triumph, seemed to be put beyond all doubt. Probably no mortal was ever more lifted up with the pride of his heart, than that foe of man was at that time.—How marvellous the change! To use the words of inspiration, "The earth shakes at the sound of his fall." The sublime descriptions by the prophet Isaiah, of the providential check put to the proud career of that bloody oppressor of old, the monarch of Babylon, and of his final overthrow; apply to Napoleon with wonderful exactness.——"Because thy rage against me, and thy tumult has come up unto mine ears, therefore will I put my hook in thy nose, and my bridle in thy lips, and I will turn thee back by the way which thou camest." And in another passage of the same prophet:—"Thou shalt take up this proverb against the king of Babylon, and say, How hath the oppressor ceased! The Lord hath broken the staff of the wicked.—He who smote the nations in wrath with a continual stroke, he that ruled the nations in anger, is persecuted, and none hindereth. Hell from beneath is moved for thee to meet thee at thy coming: it stirreth up the dead for thee, even all the chief ones of the earth. All they shall speak and say unto thee, art thou also become weak as we? Art thou become like unto us? How art thou fallen from Heaven, O Lucifer, son of the morning! How art thou cut down to the ground, which didst weaken the nations! For thou hast said in thy heart, I will ascend into heaven, I will exalt my throne above the stars of God; I will sit also *upon the mount of the congregation, in the sides of the north.*" [The Kremlin in Moscow.] "I will ascend above the heights of the clouds; I will be like the most high. They that see thee shall narrowly look upon thee, and consider thee, saying, Is this the man that made the earth to tremble, that did shake kingdoms? That made the world as a wilderness, and destroyed the cities thereof; that opened not the house of his prisoners?"

EXTRACTS.

"Under every form of government, the people of New-England have always been free; and let the flattering truth be repeated, they fought not to gain liberty, but *to prevent* the loss of what they had invariably enjoyed. Zealously attached, as they are, and ought to be, to LIBERTY, they have shewn judgment enough to distinguish the *false* from the *true*, and, on every question of moment, the policy of the immortal Washington, has been approved and supported. If, with the world at large, they were dazzled, for a moment, with that splendid mischief, that fatal experiment of fanatic philosophy, the French code of the rights of man, they were among the first who discovered its deadly nature, and dashed the poisoned chalic from their lips."

"In a political point of view, Boston must ever be considered most interesting not only as the "head-quarters of good principles, and genuine freedom, but as the heart of New-England, from which flows whatever may weaken or confirm the constitution of that important body, which is the palladium of American independence. Too strong to be overpowered by open force, they are too enlightened to be deceived by secret intrigue. They will not be lulled into a fatal security. Warned by the example of others, they will reflect on the many degraded countries of Europe, and the causes that led to that degradation. Nor will they let insidious ambition charm them with the lullabies of liberty, while their chains are forging. But, true to themselves, they will remain in safety, amidst the storms that have wrecked the peace and liberty of others."

"The spirit of COMMERCE, if not implanted in our nature, appears among the earliest combinations of original principles. Partly selfish, and partly social, it forms a bond of union between those feelings, that aim at private good, and those that seek the happiness of others, partaking of the nature of benevolence, but prompted by a desire of individual benefit, its object is reciprocal, and mutual advantage. Regardful of the interests of others, it regulates the desire of gain by the principles of justice, and relies for success on honest exertion. It traces back its origin to the first germ of society, and claims a relation to what is most excellent in man. Its genius and character do honor to its descent, and its effects on society form its highest eulogium."

"Wealth is the child of commerce, and the parent of the arts. Exchange of commodities increases the enjoyments of life, by supplying natural and artificial wants. A desire of possessing these enjoyments, and supplying these wants, is the most effectual spur to industry. Intercourse with mankind inspires emulation, excites and gratifies curiosity, brightens the faculties of the mind, softens the asperity of manners, and wakens the sympathies of the heart. Hence proceeds arts, sciences, learning, taste, and refinement. On barren [illegible], and cheerless desarts arise splendid and populous cities, filled with the "busy hum of men," of industrious and intelligent men, of "high minded men of men, sensible of their privileges, ardent in their pursuits, lovers of liberty, understanding its principles, and appreciating its blessings."

"Commerce produces wealth, by stimulating and rewarding industry, and knowledge, by exerting and gratifying curiosity—by introducing daily new facts for discussion, and by presenting a comparison of the manners, customs, and opinions, of other nations, with our own. Is the body enervated by [illegible], or the mind by exercise and [illegible]? Will the spirit of patriotism be damped by encreasing our engagements—by enriching and adorning our country—or exalting her rank in the scale of nations? Shall we set a less value upon our priviliges from a knowledge of their uses, or of the evils suffered where they are not enjoyed? Will it abate the love of liberty to understand its nature and enjoy its blessings—or to witness in other countries the horrors of slavery."

"Destroy commerce, and from this exalted state man declines by degrees, till, ignorant and slothful, he becomes the miserable slave of his daily wants, or losing the last ray of civilization, he again wanders, the fierce and intractable savage!"

* * *

"Opposed & hostile to the commercial spirit, is the spirit of corrupt ambition, a spirit that aims at power, wealth and distinction, without regard to the interest or happiness of others. Founded entirely on self, it chills the kindly affections of the heart, and "poisons all the charities of the heart." Unrestrained by principle, and steady in the pursuit of its object, its takes its character from circumstances and situation, and changes with every fluctuation of fortune. It is at one time Thersities, base in spirit, rude in manners, and turbulent of tongue; at another, Achilles, insolent in victory, and furious in revenge, dragging the body of Hector round the walls of Troy. When it seizes on vulgar and ignoble minds, it produces jealousy of power, envy of wealth, hatred of excellence, and thirst for revolution and plunder. When united with vanity and ignorance, it forms the demagogue; restless in spirit, hollow of heart, filled with imaginary consequence, blind to merit, a despiser of knowledge, and like Salmonius, a contemner of the Gods.—When it aims at power in revolutionary times, or by overturning ancient establishments, it forms the desperate and treacherous conspirator—the dark unsocial intriguer, brooding over schemes of delusion and scenes of blood, with the mask of affability on his face, and all the furies gnawing at his heart. When aiming at office in elective governments, it becomes the instrument of popular passions, the organ of vulgar prejudices, and the creature of the public breath, regardless of principles, and inconsistent even with itself—it sometimes anticipates and mistakes public opinion. When it attaches itself to genius and learning, without spirit, magnanimity, experience or principle, it forms the imposing theorist, the plausible pretender to superior knowledge, the bold experimentor on human happiness, of discerning what is useful, he is continually dazzled with what is new; what he is unable to merit by great actions he seeks to obtain by ingenious projects. Deluding and deluded, he imputes the want of success, not to the imperfection of his system; but to the obstinacy of mankind. Cold and unrelenting, he is ready to overturn the settled order of society, *by way of experiment*, and to sacrifice the interests of a nation, *to establish a theory*."

"Vain are forms of government, constitutions on paper, and declarations of rights, when the people, deluded by flattery, sunk in ignorance and tame in spirit, have neither the inclination to examine, the power to understand, nor the courage to defend their institutions."

FROM A BOMBAY PAPER.

LION HUNT,

Near Kaira, Bombay.

The sporting gentlemen of this station were on the 22d Dec. informed, that 3 Lions had been discovered in a small jungle, 2 miles from Berrije. Immediate preparations were made to assemble a large party, and to proceed to chase them from thence.

Accounts were received that the size and ferocity of the animals had struck a panic into the adjacent village; that 5 of the natives, who had unwarily approached their lairs, had been torn and mangled, and left to expire in the greatest agonies; and that it was no longer safe for the inhabitants to proceed to their usual occupations of husbandry, or to turn out their cattle to pasture, as several of them had been hunted down and killed. These accounts only stimulated the British Nimrods; and a party of 16 gentlemen having on the 24th, proceeded to the scene of action, accompanied by a body of armed peons from the aulaulet and revenue departments. The guides took them to the precise spot where three of the *royal family* were reposing in state. The party advanced with due caution to within a few paces of the jungle, without disturbing the residents—At that instant three dogs, which had joined the hunt, unconscious of danger, approached the very threshold of the presence, and were received with such a sepulchral groan, as for a moment made the bravest hold his breath. One of the dogs was killed—the other two fled, and were seen no more. Presently, a lioness was indistinctly observed at the mouth of the den; a few arrows were discharged, with a view to irritate her, and induce her to an attack on her assailants; but this did not succeed, as she broke cover in an opposite direction, with two cubs about two-thirds grown.

The party pursued the fugitives on foot as fast as the nature of the ground, newly ploughed, would admit; when, suddenly, one of the men who had been stationed in the trees, called out to the gentlemen to be on their guard. This arrested their progress. They turned on one side, to some heights, when they descried an enormous lion, which wa approaching them, through an open field, at an easy canter, and lashing his tail in a style of indiscribable grandeur. The foremost of the party presented their pieces and fired, just as the animal had cleared, at one bound, a chasm, which was between them, of 12 feet broad.—He was apparently wounded in the shoulder; but nevertheless, sprung on Mr. M. whose arm he lacerated dreadfully; and feeling, at the same time, a peon's lance, he relinquished his first hold, seized the poor man by the throat, and strangled him before the party dare fire, lest they should kill his victim. He was now at bay, but sheltered in such a manner as to render it difficult to bring him down—when, suddenly, the man on the look out, gave another alarm, and the party almost immediately, perceived a lioness, which had broken cover, approaching their rear. The same instant their ears were assailed by the shrieks and yells of men, women and children, occasioned by the animal crossing the road in the midst of the coolies that were carrying tiffin to the village. A woman and a child were almost immediately sacrificed to her fury. The woman was literally torn to pieces. This proved not the last calamity of this memorable hunt. The gentlemen, with the peons, left their former enemy to attack the lioness who threatened the village. The party, from the rapid manner in which the beast was followed, were not able to keep very compact—and, most unfortunately, four of the collector's peons advanced upon the place where the lioness had lain down. She immediately sprung upon the nearest and brought him to the ground, and crushed his skull, and tore his face, so that no feature was discernable, and the skin literally hung in the wind. A companion, who advanced to his assistance, she seized by the thigh; the man, in the agony of pain, caught the beast by the throat, when she quitted his thigh and fastened on his arm and breast. At this moment the gentlemen advanced within 15 paces, and as she was sill standing over her unfortunate victim, lodged 20 balls in her body. She retreated to the hedge where some more shots terminated her existence. She had abundance of milk, which, from the novelty, most of the party tasted.

DIED, on Monday morning last, at his farm in Pitt township, Doctor JOHN M'DOWELL, one of the Associate Judges of the Courts of Allegheny county.

——, on Friday the 4th instant, Mrs. ELIZABETH GRAHAM, consort of the Rev. James Graham, of Pitt township. Mrs. Graham was an affectionate wife, a tender mother, and a devout christian—she lived respected and esteemed, and died lamented by all who knew her.

LAST NIGHT OF PERFORMANCE BY THE CITIZENS.

THEATRE.

On Friday Evening, March 25th, will be performed the celebrated Tragedy of

ISABELLA,
OR THE
FATAL MARRIAGE.
ISABELLA, - Mrs. TURNER.

And the much admired Farce, called the

POOR SOLDIER.

⁂ *Tickets, one dollar each, to be had at Mr. Scull's Printing Office, and Mr. Snowden's Book Store.*

James Chute & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
AND OFFER FOR SALE AT THE
STORE

LATELY occupied by Mr. M'Elhiny, in Market strt. between Third and Fourth streets, an elegant assortment of

Men, Women and Childrens Shoes,

At very reasonable prices for Cash or approved credit, wholesale and retail.—As the utmost care has been taken in selecting, they flatter themselves, that the most sanguine expectutions of those who favor them with their custom, will be realized

☞ *Orders will be thankfully received and promptly executed.*

Pittsburgh, March 25 3w

PITTSBURGH WIRE MANUFACTORY.

The subscriber has on hand, and offers
FOR SALE.
AT THE PHILADELPHIA PRICES,

WITH the addition of carriage, an assortment of *WIRE*, made of the Juniata iron, from No. 1 to No. 24, inclusive. Any higher number made ageeable to order. He hopes that the manufacturers and merchants of the western country, will give him a portion of their custom, to support a new and large establishment.

Square inch iron, will be rolled down for smiths and other mechanics, at the following prices, viz:

To 7-8 one dol. per cwt.
6-8 two do do do
5-8 three do do do
4-8 four do do do
3-8 five do do do

WM: EICHBAUM.
March 23, 1814 tlq

Dr. {Receipts and Expenditures in the Borough Treasury from the 8th April, 1813, to the 18th March, 1814.} Cr.

	Dolls.	Cts.		Dolls.	Cts.
To cash received from N. Irish, late Treasurer,	22	00	By cash paid John Aitken, per order of Burgess,	75	00
To amount of Stall Rents received, - -	263	00	By cash paid Woolman Gibson, street com. do.	700	00
To cash received from the Burgess, (fines, &c.)	239	17	By cash paid William Sample, street com. do.	790	00
To cash do. from John Aitken, (balance due by him)	28	37	By cash paid William Borrett, late do. do.	268	04
To cash do. from James Young, (collector for 1812)	50	00	By cash paid David Blair, High Constable, do.	55	96
To cash do. from Robert Magee (collector for 1813)	2398	88	By cash paid John Scull, for printing, do.	53	00
To cash do. from M. M'Eown, weigh-master, rent of Weigh-House,	78	67	By cash paid John H. Chaplin, do. - -	10	00
			By cash paid Boyd, Dawson and Henry, do.	203	10
			By cash paid Laz. Stewart, salary as Town Clerk, do.	50	00
			By cash paid Laz. Stewart, for extra services respecting pavements, &c.	50	00
			By cash paid John M. Snowden, for printing, do	12	00
			By cash paid R. & J. Patterson, for blank books, do.	5	50
			By cash paid R. Magee & W. Woods, assessors, do.	20	00
			By cash paid John Smith, Clerk of the Market, do.	39	17
			By cash paid Joseph Harris, for ringing Bell, do.	60	00
			By cash paid B. Brown, for printing, do.	11	00
			By cash paid J. W. Johnston, & other Regulators, do.	40	00
			By cash paid W. Sample, street com. do.	226	00
			By cash paid R. Magee, extra services as Col. do.	30	00
			By cash paid D. Evans and others, Building Com. do.	148	00
			By Treasurer's commis. on $3080 09 at 2 1-2 per ct.	77	00
			Balance remaining in the Treasury,	155	44
	$3089	00		$3089	00

Dr. Robert Magee, Collector for the year 1813, in account with the Borough of Pittsburgh, Cr.

	Dolls.	Cts.		Dolls.	Cts.
To amount of the Duplicate, - - -	5677	61	By amount paid to Treasurer at different times,	2398	88
To amount of pavements, which had been deducted over and above the amount of several persons pavements,	156	94	By amount of discounts for pavements, - -	1526	93
			By amount of lost Taxes, - - - -	194	14
			By commission on $3893 54 at 5 per cent.	194	64
			Balance yet to be collected and due by Collector,	1419	96
	$5734	55		$5734	55

Dr. William Sample, Street Commissioner for 1813, in account with the Borough of Pittsburgh, Cr.

	Dolls.	Cts.		Dolls.	Cts.
To amount of cash received from Treasurer,	790	00	By cash for work done on the streets, &c.	941	26
To do. do. do.	226	26	By 75 days services as Street Commissioner,	75	00
	$1016	26		$1016	26

Dr. Woolman Gibson, Street Commissioner for 1813 in account with the Borough of Pittsburgh, Cr.

	Dolls.	Cts.	
By amount of Cash received from Treasurer,	700	00	Mr. Gibson has rendered accounts exceeding the amount charged to him, which accounts being in an incomplete state, remained unsettled.

ATTEST L. STEWART, *Town Clerk.*

Law Books for Sale.

AN extensive and well selected LAW LIBRARY, late the property of James Mountain, Esq. deceased, will be Sold at *Joseph Davis's Auction Store*, on the Evening of Monday the 4th of April next. Sale to begin at 6 o'clock precisely.

NANCY MOUNTAIN, *Adm'x.*
S. DOUGLAS, *Administrator.*
March 21st, 1814.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Thursday the 7th April next, the following described property, to wit:—

A Tract of Land containing 150 acres, be the same more or less, situate in Pitt township, bounded by lands of John Dunbar, on the north; by lands of Powell on the east; by lands of John M'Cullough, on the south, and by lands belonging to the heirs of George Wallace, deceased, on which is erected a grist mill, saw mill, still house, stone barn, and a dwelling house, and about 30 acres cleared. Taken in execution as the property of John Fritchman, at the suit of the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Pennsylvania.

Lots No. 34, 35 and 36, so marked and numbered in the plan of Coal Hill Lots, situate in St. Clair township, bounded by lot No. 37, by the Monongahela river, by lot No. 33, and by land of Abraham Kirkpatrick. Taken in execution as the property of Thomas Jones, at the suit of the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Pennsylvania.

Lots No. 34, 35, and 36, so marked and numbered in the plan of Coal Hill Lots, situate in St. Clair township, bounded by lot No. 37, by the Monongahela river, by lot No. 33, and by land of Abraham Kirkpatrick. Taken in execution as the property of Thomas Jones, at the suit of William M'Ginniss.

WILLIAM WOODS, *Sheriff.*
Pittsburgh, March 25, 1814.

FOR SALE,
4,000 Feet White Oak
SQUARE LOGS,
AND
10,000 Lap Shingles.

APPLY TO H. HOLDSHIP,
March 25 *in Third street.*

WANTED,
An Apprentice
To the PRINTING BUSINESS,
Enquire at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

BLANKS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

WHOLESALE SHOE AND LEATHER *STORE.*

JUST OPENED,
AT NO. 11, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Six doors below Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA,
WHERE THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER
FOR SALE,

20,000 pair first quality Mens' coarse Shoes,
5,000 pair second quality do do do
10,000 do first do do lined and bound do
2,000 do second do do do do
2,000 do first do calf & seal do
1,000 do do do leather and pink lined do
1,000 pair mens' laced Boots,
1,000 do boys coarse and fine Shoes,
1,000 do do laced Boots & Jeffersons
10,000 do womens' Shoes, assorted.

ALSO,
A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF
LEATHER,

☞ *Which they will dispose of on such terms as are calculated to invite dealers in the above articles.*

ALEX. CLAY, & Co.
March 1, 1814. (18) 1awf2m

Storage & Commission WAREHOUSE.

BOYLE IRWIN respectfully informs his friends and the public, that having taken ISAAC HARRIS into partnership in his Commission Business, it will now be conducted under the firm of *Boyle Irwin & Co.* who promise every exertion to merit a share of public confidence and promote the interest of those who place property at their disposal.

WE NOW OFFER FOR SALE,

Juniata Barr Iron assorted, by the ton or cwt.
Grass and Corn Scythes, superior quality
Cotton Cards, No. 10, by the box
Pewter Plates, by the box
Philadelphia 4dy Cut Nails, by the keg
Do. Rosin Soap, by the box
Logwood, by the ton or cwt.
Gunpowder, by the keg
Kentucky Tobacco
Lead, by the cwt. or pig
Old Hyson Tea, by the chest
Glue, by the barrell
Herrings, good, by ditto
Mill-wrags, cranks, gudgeons, stoves, &c.

⁂ 8 boxes Cotton Cards, marked J. A. received in store in the name of James Andrews, are subject to his order.

N. B. A constant supply of Cordage and Twines will be kept at the Warehouse, and orders, for Rigging or particular Ropes, will be filled the same as if left at the Ropewalk of

BOYLE IRWIN.
Pittsburgh, March 23, 1814. 6t.

WAYNE & BIDDLE,

AT THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF FRONT AND MARKET STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA,
HAVE FOR SALE,
A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT
OF
LOOKING GLASSES,

ANDIRONS, shovels and tongs, spoons, Snuffers and trays, bellows, knives and forks,
Candlesticks, fenders, dressing cases,
Ivory combs, copper kettles, razors,
Pen knives, scissors, corkscrews, lamps,
Buttons, spectacles, coffee roasters,
Plated dog collars, coffee mills,
And a great variety of other domestick and imported

HARDWARE,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
ALSO,
The following articles by the piece.

Blankets, cloths, hosiery,
Checks, calicoes, shawls,
Gloves, cords and velvets,
Bonnet wire, &c. &c.

CARPETING & OIL CLOTHS,
OF DOMESTICK MAKE.

☞ *Country storekeepers will please observe, that W. & B. have on hand a quantity of school and miscellaneous BOOKS, which they sell at from 40 to 75 per cent. discount.*

Jan. 7, 1814. 6w qtA22

A Valuable Farm
FOR SALE.
UPWARDS OF 100 ACRES OF BOTTOM LAND, in the Town of COLUMBIA,

ON the Ohio river, and 5 and 1-2 miles from Cincinnati, under high cultivation, with two orchards, a fine garden enclosed with board fence, a frame barn 50 by 25, corn cribs, etc. with 32 acres of grain in the ground, & a large proportion of meadow, for sale on easy terms.

JOHN ARMSTRONG.
Columbia, Nov. 21, 1813. tfq

REMOVAL.
NATHANIEL HOLMES,

HAS removed his PORTER, and ALE BOTTLING CELLAR, to that under Mr. Grant's Store, in Market Street, between Second & Third Streets, where Customers will be supplied as usual, with good *PORTER* and *ALE*, prepared and put up in the best manner possible. He also returns his sincere thanks to the Citizens of this place, for the liberality and friendship already experienced, and hopes from his experience and unremitted attention to business, to still be enabled to give general satisfaction, to those that may favor him with their custom.

ALSO, TO LET,

The STORE, at present occupied by Mr. William Grant. Possession may be had the first of April next. Enquire of the subscriber.

NATHANIEL HOLMES.

CRAMER, SPEAR, AND EICHBAUM,

PRINTERS & BOOKSELLERS,
(Pittsburgh, Penn.)
HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

BRITISH Essayists, 22 vols. elegant.
Dictionary of quotations, taken from the Latin, Greek, Spanish and Italian languages, translated into English; with Illustrations, Historical and Idiomatical, by D. E. M'Donel, of the middle temple.
Dictionary of ancient classical and scriptural proper names, in which will be found a correct Epitome of the history, biography, and religion of the Jews, Greeks, and Romans, together with the Fables and Mythology of the classical writer's, each name being accurately accented, according to the authority of *Walker*.
Diers assistant, in the art of dying Wool and woolen goods, with additions and practical *experiments* by Jas. Haigh, late Silk and Muslin dier Leeds.
Dupaw on liberty, or the destruction of the Helvetic union and liberty.
Short description of the state of Tennessee, to which is prefixed the Constitution of that state.
Essays, humorous, moral and literary by the late celebrated Doctor Benjamin Franklin.
Animadversions on the Impolicy and Barbarity of the deleterious commerce and subsequent slavery of the human species, to which is added, a desultory letter written to N. Buonaparte, A. D. 1801.
Evening entertainments, or delineations of the manners and customs of nations, interspersed with geographical notices historical and biographical anecdotes and descriptions in natural history, designed for the instruction and amusement of youth.
Epistles on women, exemplifying their character and condition in various ages and nations, with miscellaneous poems, by Lucy Aitken.
Forest of Montalbano a novel in 2 vols.
Foundling of Belgrade
Foresters, an American tale, being a sequel to the history of John Bull, the clothier, in a series of letters to an old friend.
Life of Dr. Franklin, written by himself, to which is added his essays, humorous moral and literary, in the manner of the Spectator.
Geographical view of the province of U. Canada, and promiscuous remarks on the government with an appendix, containing a description of the Niagara falls, and remarks relative to the situation of the inhabitants respecting the war, and a concise history of its progress to the present date.
Sketches on intellectual education and hints on domestic economy, addressed to *Mothers*, with an appendix containing an Essay on the instruction of the poor, 2 vols.
Beauties of Goldsmith
Grecian history, from the earliest state, until the death of ALEXANDER the great.
Gass' journal
Adventures of Gil Blas, 4 vols
Good men of modern date, a satirical tale
Griffith Abbey or the memoirs of Eugina
Glencar or the many disappointments of youth
Rural poems, moral and descriptive, to which is added, poems on different subjects by J. Hayes, A. B.
Horace in London, consisting of imitations of the first two books of the odes of Horace
Historical compend, containing a brief survey of the great line of history from the earliest times to the present day, together with a general view of the present state of the world with respect to cultivation, religion and government in 2 vols.

(To be continued.)

$ 100 Reward.

STOLEN OUT OF THE SHOP OF THE SUBSCRIBERS,
IN WOOD STREET,

TEN or eleven ready made Coats, of different colors & other goods not recollected. It is supposed they have descended the Ohio. Whoever takes up said thief or thieves, shall receive the above reward and all charges.

Knoblewgh & Amberson.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 20. 3wq

STRAY COW.

CAME to my plantation about 6 or 7 months ago, a small red and white spotted *COW*, 4 or 5 years old, no particular marks. The owner is desired to come, prove property, and take her away.

P. WINEBIDDLE.
Pitt township, Allegheny county,
Feb. 8, 1814 3wg

FOR RENT,

A STORE HOUSE in Wood Street, between Third and Fourth Steets, with comfortable accommodations for a family. Possession given the first day of April next.

GILBERT M'KOWN.
Pittsburgh, January 4, 1814.

BRIGHTON IRON WORKS
FOR SALE.

THIS elegant establishment consists of a *Furnace*, *Forge*, *Grist* and *Saw Mill*, together with extensive Coal, Store and Dwelling Houses, situate at the middle falls of Big Beaver creek, one mile from navigable water, 3 miles from the Ohio, 3 miles from the town of Beaver, and 28 miles from Pittsburgh. The Grist and Saw Mill are now usefully employed, and can be made very productive at a small expence. The Furnace and Forge are equal to any in the western country. The scite for water works comprises advantages equal if not superior to any on the Brandywine. The adjacent country abounds with ore, fuel and provisions, and the facility of transportation by water from the works to every part of the western country promises a sure and steady market for all its productions. The works are well supplied with first rate forge and furnace hands. The forge is now in operation, and the usual number of hands and teams are constantly employed in providing stock for a new blast, which it is intended shall take place about the 1st of March next, whether sold or not. The casting house is spacious and well supplied with flasks, patterns, and other requisite articles.—Possession can be given either before or after the first of March, as may be agreed upon, a fair price being given for the stock on hand.

ALSO FOR SALE.

A valuable Tract of Land on the east side of the creek, opposite the Iron Works, affording a scite for water works equal to any on the creek, on which is erected a Grist Mill and two Dwelling Houses, and a small Farm opened.—The whole of this property will be sold together or separate as may best suit the purchaser, and the terms made easy.

Apply to OLIVER ORMSBY, in Pittsburgh, or the subscriber on the premises.

JEREMIAH BARKER.

Brighton, 25th January, 1814.

Cash for Wheat.

ONE DOLLAR TWENTY FIVE CENTS

PER BUSHELL, GIVEN FOR

WHEAT,

Until the expiration of 25 days from date.

CORN & RYE,

Purchased at 62 and 1-2 Cents, at the *Pittsburgh Steam Mill.*

March 1st, 1814 tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of *E. Jones*, esq. late sheriff of St. Clair township, Allehegny county, deceased are requested to come forward and make payment, and all those having demands against said estate are required to present them, properly attested, for settlement. For the convenience of those concerned the subscriber proposes attending in February next, on Mondays and Tuesdays, at his own house in Ohio township, and on the three following days in each week, at the house of Mr. Hoffer, sign of the Spread Eagle, in Front street, Pittsburgh. Persons interested will do well to attend to this notice and save trouble.

JOHN WAY, *Administrator,*
cum testamento annexo de bonis testatoris non.

January 25, 1814.

BUILDING LOTS.

FOR Rent, on Perpetual Lease, a number of elegant building LOTS, bounding on Front and Second streets, and Redoubt alley, Pittsburgh, known by the name of Mrs. Adams's garden.—These Lots are situated in a rapidly improving part of the Borough; and are well worthy the attention of persons wishing a good scite for Warehouses, &c. For terms, which will be reasonable, apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company.

February 2, 1814. tf

HATS, AND HATTERS TRIMMINGS.

THE subscribers have just received in addition to their former stock, a very large and elegant assortment of *HATS, & HATTERS TRIMMINGS.* These articles are laid in on the best terms, and are offered to country merchants, hatters, and other, at the most liberal prices; and are therefore well worth attention.

PEEBLES, TWEEDY & Co.

☞ Merchants descending the river, may have their orders filled at the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 23 tfq

BLANK CHECKS

On the *Office of Discount and Deposit* and on the *Pittsburgh Manufacturing Company*, printed on fine paper and handsome type, for Sale at this Office.

BLANKS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

DOCTOR HANDY'S,
WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,

A safe and efficacious Medicine for destroying and bringing away Worms.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint of diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles; or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary. The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms*, of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicine has exceeded any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved, to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an athelminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable Medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot-full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm*, at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, and living at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the reader's time. We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are unacquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating; at other times, the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness, head-ache, and trembling of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epileptic, or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above, and a long train of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above valuable Medicine is sold only by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their wholesale and retail Drug Store, at the corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh.

December 13, 1813.

FOR SALE.

BIG SPRING MILLS,

On Blue River, Indiana Territory.

THE subscriber offers the above property for sale, to which is attached upwards of 800 acres of first rate land, the greater part of which is river bottom, covered with walnut, cherry, poplar and oak timber; there are 50 acres now under cultivation, and 70 acres (on which the timber has lately been deadened) that may be prepared for cultivation at a small expence; there is also on the premises a stone house 40 feet by 20, which is yet unfinished, and a young apple orchard of about 120 engrafted trees; the grist and saw mill are much out of order, but owing to the excellence of the mill seat and the superabundance of water even in the driest seasons, added to its vicinity to a rich and populous settlement, it is presumed it will be worthy the attention of the industrious farmer.

The distance from this mill seat to Louisville, (Ken.) in a direct line, is 20 miles, and six miles west of Corydon, the seat of government of the territory. When blue river is high, boats may be loaded at the mill, and descend with safety to the Ohio, a distance of twelve miles. For terms apply to *George Wallace*, in Pittsburgh, or to *Waller Taylor*, at Jeffersonville, (Ind. Ter.) who can give a more particular description.

WILLIAM H. HARRISON.

January 6, 1814.

To Rent,

FOR THE TERM OF ONE YEAR
A

LARGE DRY CELLAR,

SUITABLE for a bottling cellar, situated in Fifth near Market street. For terms apply to P. Mowry, Esq. or the subscriber, who will rent for the same term, the house she now occupies, at the corner of Fourth and Market streets.

ANN GAZZAM.

Pittsburgh, March 11.

WANTED,
An Apprentice

To the PRINTING BUSINESS,

Enquire at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Doctor CHISHOLM'S
Anti-Bilious Pills,

OF A QUALITY
Superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a

GENERAL MEDICINE,

IN THIS COUNTRY,

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates.

This extraordinary medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of Anti-Bilious Pills. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuant of bile, is without example; never producing debility, or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child, or weakly female.

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excrutiating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by causing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains*, wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flax-seed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and *diseases of the liver*, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills, taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case, the dose may be increased according to the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery, Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY in Pittsburgh, by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON

At their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

February 1814.

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

THE partnership trading under the firm of ROE & LAWSON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to JOHN ROE, who is duly authorised to settle all the accounts of said firm.

JOHN ROE,
JOHN LAWSON.

Pittsburgh, September 23, 1813.

In future the business will be conducted by

JOHN ROE.

He wishes to inform the public that he has removed his workshops from Anthony Beelen's Foundry to *Hugh & Jas. Jelly's* New Cotton Factory, on the Allegheny, where he intends carrying on the *Cotton* and *Wool Machine-making* business as usual, such as Picking, Carding, Drawing, Roving, Mules, Stretching Frames, Thrussels, and every other article in the said business; also Wool Cards, Billies and Jennies.

From his long experience at the Union Factory in Maryland, and other parts of the United States, in the above branches, he flatters himself that in future he will be able to fill his orders with more expedition, as his laths and other operators will be drove by steam.

N. B. All orders will be received and thankfully attended to.

FOR SALE,
BY THE PIECE,
Two thousand yards of
NEW ENGLAND COTTONS, ASSORTED.

APPLY TO

L. Bollman,

Corner Front street and Cherry alley.

March 11, 1814

JUST PUBLISHED,
THE WEEKLY LEVEE.

Subscriptions received at this office. A few copies of the first number are still on hand. March 16, 1814.

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

Corner of Wood and Third Streets,
PITTSBURGH.
(Sole Agents for the Western Country)

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY
OF

PAUL'S PATENT COLUMBIAN
OIL.

THIS valuable Medicine having been established upwards of three years, and its virtues sufficiently exemplified by the number of respectable certificates repeatedly laid before the public, it therefore now only becomes necessary for the information of those who may not have had an opportunity of perusing the certificates, to detail a few of the cases wherein the Oil has been so wonderfully efficacious. Printed handbills containing certificates, may be always had, gratis, from the Agents, who will keep a constant supply of the Oil.

The following are the complaints in which the Columbian Oil has been found so efficacious, and rarely ever fails of effecting a cure, viz——Rheumatism, Consumption, Pains in any part of the body but particularly in the back and breast, Colds and Coughs, Tooth-ache, Spleen, Pleurisies, Cholic, Cramps, external and internal bruises, Sprains and Flesh Wounds, Scalds and Burns, Dysentery or Bloody Flux, Croup and the Summer Complaint in Children, and in weak stomach, that is caused by indigestion, a constant sinking and loss of appetite, it will act as a powerful bracer to the relaxed fibre and restore it to its proper tone, Whooping Cough and Mumps.

It seems as though nature ranked it the first of the class of all pectorals and expectorals for the relief of the breast and lungs, as it scarcely ever fails of removing obstruction in either, particularly those who are troubled with Phthisic and Asthmatic complaints, who in the act of walking fast, stooping [illegible] down are almost suffocated, half a tea-spoonful of the Columbian Oil will render some relief instantaneously, and if continued agreeably to the directions in such cases, will prove a radical cure by producing the full power of inflation to the lungs and free expansion of the breast.

To the Public.—In order to prevent deception, the public are cautioned not to purchase any Oil that may be offered as "Paul's Patent Columbian Oil," that does not bear the true characteristics as published by my principal and sole agent Doctor John Love, of Baltimore.

THOMAS PAUL, Patentee.

Baltimore, March 21, 1812.

BRASS FOUNDERY.

THE subscriber takes the liberty to inform his friends and the public in general, that having procured some of the most experienced workmen from the city of Baltimore; and having entered largely in the BRASS FOUNDERY business, he flatters himself, to be able to furnish any castings of Copper or Brass upon as good terms as they can be obtained either in Baltimore or Philadelphia—such as

Andirons of the newest fashions,
Candlesticks, Carpet Rods,
Still Cocks, Rivets,
Salder, Clock Castings,
Bells of any description,
And all kinds of Castings of Machinery,
All kinds of Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Work,

Upon as good terms as they can be had in the place. A very handsome assortment of TIN WARES—on hand, a few large STILLS, of the best quality, at one dollar per gallon. Coppersmiths, Merchants, and others, who will favor him with their orders, for any thing in the above branches, shall be punctually and promptly attended to.

GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

N. B. The highest price in Cash, will be given for Old Copper, Brass & Pewter.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 26, 1814. tf.

Travellers Rest.

MAYSVILLE or LIMESTONE, (Ken.)
December 20, 1813.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a

House of Entertainment

in the Town of Maysville, (Ken.) on Water Street, and convenient to the mouth of Limestone creek, where he has provided himself with every necessary for the convenience of those who may favor him with a call. He has also a large and convenient WARE-HOUSE near the mouth of Limestone creek, for the reception of Goods, &c. where strict attention will be paid to the Storage and Commission business. From his attention to business, and the convenience of his situation, he hopes to share a part of the public patronage.

WILLIAM PORTER

TO LET,

THE House, corner of Wood and Second Streets, at present occupied by Mr. C. Latshaw. Possession the 1st of April. Enquire of SPEAKMAN, SAY & Co. Druggists, Market Street.

Pittsburgh, March 16, 1814.

DOCTOR G. DAWSON,

Has just received a general and complete supply of Fresh

Drugs and Medicines,

FAMILY, Patent & Horse medicines, Surgeons Instruments, Paints of all kinds, Spirits Turpentine, Spices, Perfumery, Oils, Varnishes, Gold leaf, Smalts, &c. &c. selected with particular care from the latest importations, and WARRANTED GENUINE, which, being purchased with CASH, enables him to sell them on very moderate terms, wholesale and retail.

Practitioners of Physick, and Store-keepers, will be supplied with genuine articles, at the lowest prices.

⁂ Worm Tea of superior quality, by the dozen or single paper.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

Two APPRENTICES:—In addition to the profession of Druggist and Apothecary, they will have the advantage of acquiring the theory and practice of Physick and Surgery.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1813.

POTASH WANTED.

THE highest price will be given in Cash, for a quantity of merchantable *POTASH,* delivered at Redstone Old Fort, or to *Cromwell & Robinson, Pittsburgh.*

WILLIAM TROTH, *Agent,*
for the Bridgeport Glass Company.

August 6th, 1812.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Offer on Leases of Ten Years from the first of April, 1815, the following

PROPERTY IN PITTSBURGH.

No. 1. THE Ferry Lot on the corner of Wood, Water, and Front streets. It contains 60 feet on Water street, on which are a valuable two story brick house and a three story frame one, weather-boarded and painted, and is a capital stand for a Store. The Ferry is allowed to be the best one on the Monongahela, and the situation of the property generally admirably calculated for the river trade, as it affords the easiest and most convenient communication; its length is 160 feet on Wood street, and is directly opposite Mr. T. Cromwell's warehouse, a number of shops are erected thereon, and on Front street it contains 60 feet, the corner occupied by Mr. Samuel Smith as a store, and is a well known stand. The real advantages of the Ferry are so well known as to need no comment. It is occupied by Mr. W. Graham.

2. The House and Lot on Water and Front street, with a front of 60 feet on each, by 160 feet deep, a few doors above Wood street, now occupied by Mr. Le Lacheur.

3. A Lot on Penn street, next to the valuable improvements of Mr. Abner Barker. It borders on the Allegheny river, and would be valuable for a board-yard, as it is 60 feet front by more than 400 deep.

As several applications have already been made to the subscribers for this property, they now give public notice that any person disposed to lease may know their terms by applying to either of them residing in Yorktown Penn.

JOHN IRWIN,
HENRY IRWIN.

Yorktown, (Penn.) Feb. 10, 1814.

Two Farms For Rent.

THE one lying on Peters creek, *Mifflin* township, 12 miles from Pittsburgh, the farm of the late Zad. Wright, decd. There are 130 acres cleared with a good orchard and cider works. There may be 60 acres of corn planted in the spring. None need apply but those who can be well recommended for sobriety & industry: to such a good chance will be given as the land is of first quality. The other Farm is in the vicinity of Noblestown, 10 miles from Pittsburgh, at present occupied by H. M'Kellips, sen. On this there are 60 acres cleared, 10 of excellent meadow. Terms easy; possession given 1st April 1814. Enquire of

JAMES GRAY,
Corner of Liberty and Front sts.

Pittsburgh, March 9. tfq

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of SAMUEL GRAHAM, deceased, are requested to present them for settlement to the subscriber, properly attested, and those who are indebted to said estate are likewise required to come forward and make payment. It is hoped this notice will be promptly attended to, as a settlement of the estate must speedily be made.

WILLIAM GRAHAM, *Executor.*

Pittsburgh, March 15, 1814.

STRAY STEERS.

CAME to the farm of the subscriber last winter, Two Steers. One is a large red Steer, with a crop off the left ear—the other is a large red and white, no particular marks. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

ROBERT VANCE.

Montours Bottom, Allegheny county, March 16, 1814.